IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

First Named Confirmation No.: 3178 Kevin I Bertness Inventor

Group Art Unit: 2858 Appln. No. : 10/791,141 Examiner: Aaron C. Piggush

Filed : March 2, 2004

For : AUTOMOTIVE BATTERY CHARGING SYSTEM TESTER

C382.12-0178 Docket No. :

RESPONSE FILED WITH AN RCE

FILED ELECTRONICALLY ON JANUARY 7, 2011

Mail Stop Amendment Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450

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I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PAPER IS BEING TRANSMITTED VIA THE PATENT OFFICE EFS, TO THE COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS, P.O. BOX 1450, ALEXANDRIA, VA 22313-1450, THIS

7TH DAY OF JANUARY, 2011

/JUDSON K. CHAMPLIN/

PATENT ATTORNEY

Sir:

This is in response to the office action dated October 13, 2010 and the advisory Action mailed December 7, 2010. With this response, all pending claims 115-142 are presented for consideration and favorable action.

In the Office Action, claim 115 was objected to. With the previous response, the language in claim 115 was amended and it is believed that the objection may be withdrawn.

Claims 115-117, 122-132, 135-140 and 142 were rejected based upon Gollomp US6424157 in view of Roberts US6570385. However, it is believed the rejection may be withdrawn in view of amended claim 115

A number of the rejections were rejterated in the Advisory Action, However, Applicant notes the following elements which are not shown in either Gollomp or Roberts or their combination.

- · Prompting an operator to input battery rating information.
- · Detecting the starting of an engine based upon a measured voltage.
- · Detecting starting of an engine based upon a connection to a battery.
- · Providing a "cranking voltage low output".
- · Providing a "cranking voltage normal output".
- · Providing a "charged battery".

Independent claim 115 includes <u>prompting</u> an operator to input rating information for a battery under test using an input. This not shown by the combination of Gollomp and Roberts. Gollomp, column 7, lines 63- column 8, line 5 cited in the Office Action refers to retrieving information from a memory. Roberts is cited as showing prompting an input from an operator. However, there is no suggestion that one would apply the teachings to that of Gollomp. Gollomp specifically calls out retrieving information from memory. There is nothing in Roberts or Gollomp which would suggest modifying the teaching of Gollomp to add a prompt for user input regarding battery rating. Therefore, the rejection should be withdrawn.

Independent claim 115 also describes detecting the starting of the engine based upon a voltage measured through electrical connections to the battery. The cited sections of Gollomp (column 6, lines 37-53, s257-s273 in Figure 2B, column 7, lines 48-53 and Figures 2A/B and Abstract), do not show detecting starting of the engine based upon a measured voltage. Therefore, the rejection should be withdrawn. Further, the cited sections of Gollomp do not show detecting starting based upon an electrical connection to the battery. Instead, it appears that a connection to a starter relay is used as denoted by sensor 136 described in column 6, lines 16-17 of Gollomp. For this additional reason, the rejection should be withdrawn.

Further, independent claim 115 describes providing a "cranking voltage low output". This is not shown in Gollomp. The cited sections of Gollomp appear to simply show prompting an operator to stop attempting to start the engine because the process of starting an engine is causing the battery to discharge because the engine will not start. Further, independent claim 115 describes providing a cranking voltage normal output. This also does not appear to be shown by Gollomp. The cited sections are the same as those cited in connection with providing a cranking voltage low

output and merely appear to describe instructing an operator to stop cranking the engine if it fails to start as this causes the battery to discharge. For this additional reason, the rejection should be withdrawn.

Further still, a "charge battery" output, "cranking voltage low" output and "cranking voltage normal" output are provided to the operator through a display. Gollomp does not appear to provide such outputs to an operator or through a display.

As Gollomp and Roberts do not show all of the claimed elements, it is believed the present application is in condition for allowance.

It is believed that all of the pending claims have been addressed. However, the absence of a reply to a specific rejection, issue, or comment, including the Office Action's characterizations of the art, does not signify agreement with or concession of that rejection, issue, or comment. In addition, because the arguments made above may not be exhaustive, there may be reasons for patentability of any or all pending claims (or other claims) that have not been expressed. Finally, nothing in this paper should be construed as an intent to concede any issue with regard to any claim, except as specifically stated in this paper, and the amendment or cancellation of any claim does not necessarily signify concession of unpatentability of the claim prior to its amendment or cancellation. Applicant reserves the right to prosecute the rejection claims in further prosecution of this or related applications.

In view of the above amendments and remarks, it is believed that the present application is in condition for allowance. Consideration and favorable action are respectfully requested.

The Director is authorized to charge any fee deficiency required by this paper or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 23-1123.

Respectfully submitted, WESTMAN, CHAMPLIN & KELLY, P.A.

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